

Turkish International Model United Nations

INFORMATION BOOKLET FOR StOff



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PROVISIONAL SCHEDULE

| Thursday, 28th N | lovember |
|------------------|----------|
|------------------|----------|

- 14.30 15.15 Registration Begins Bowker Hall
- 14.50 15.15 Mandatory Student Officer Briefing Red Room
- 15.00 15.30 Press Team Briefing Press Room
- 15.15 15.35 All Committees (GA Committees) Meet Committee Rooms
- 15.15 16:45 AP & ICJ Opening Sessions Committee Rooms
- 15.40 16.55 Opening Ceremony (GA Committees, Special Conferences, ECOSOC & SC) -

Auditorium

- 17.00 17.20 Student Officer Debriefing Red Room
- 17.30 Buses Leave Ovall

- 08.00 09.00 Workshop for New Delegates
- 08.00 08.30 Student Officer Briefing
- 09.45 Advisor Meeting Non-Fiction Library
- 08.30 17.00 ICJ, AP & SC, ECOSOC & Special Conferences in Session Committee Rooms
- 09.00 17.00 GA Committees in session Committee Rooms
- 10.00 10.15 Coffee Break for ICJ, AP, SC, ECOSOC & Special Conferences
- 10.30 10.45 Coffee Break for GA Committees
- 11.40 12.40 Lunch Break for ICJ, AP, SC, ECOSOC & Special Conferences
- 12.45 13.45 Lunch Break for GA Committees
- 15.00 15.15 Coffee Break for ICJ, AP, SC, ECOSOC & Special Conferences
- 15.30 15.45 Coffee Break for GA Committees
- 11.00 16.45 Approval Panel Open
- 17.00 17.30 Student Officer Debriefing Red Room
- 17.40 Buses Leave Oval

Saturday, 30th November

- 08.00 08.30 Student Officer Briefing Red Room
- 09.00 12.30 Approval Panel Open
- 08.30 17.00 All Committees in Session Committee Rooms
- 10.00 10.15 Coffee Break for ICJ, AP, SC, ECOSOC & Special Conferences
- 10.30 10.45 Coffee Break for GA Committees
- 11.40 12.40 Lunch Break for ICJ, AP, SC, ECOSOC & Special Conferences
- 12.45 13.45 Lunch Break for GA Committees
- 15.00 15.15 Coffee Break for ICJ, AP, SC, ECOSOC & Special Conferences
- 15.30 15.45 Coffee Break for GA Committees
- 16.00 16.45 Student Officer Workshop for Delegates Old Drama Room
- 17.00 17.30 Student Officer Debriefing Red Room
- 17.40 Buses Leave Oval

Friday, 29th November

Sunday, 1st December

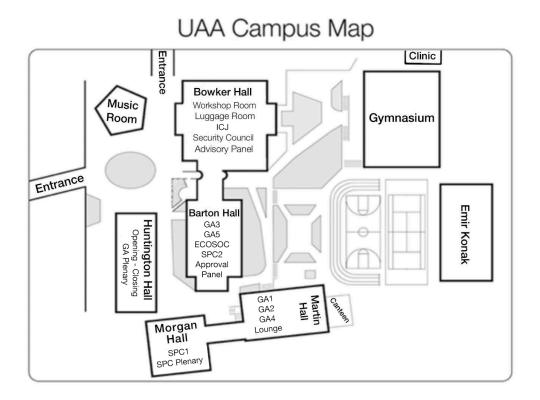
- 08.00 08.30 Student Officer Briefing Red Room
- 08.30 11.30 GA Committees in Session Committee Rooms
- 08.30 15.15 ICJ, AP, SC, ECOSOC & Special Conferences in Session Committee Rooms
- 10:00 10.15 Coffee Break for GA Committees
- 10:00 Advisor Meeting Non-Fiction Library
- 10.30 10.45 Coffee Break for ICJ, AP, SC, ECOSOC & Special Conferences
- 11.30 12.30 Lunch Break for GA Committees
- 12.30 15.00 General Assembly Plenary Session Auditorium
- 12.30 13.45 Lunch Break for ICJ, AP, SC, ECOSOC & Special Conferences
- 13.45 15.00 Special Conferences Plenary Session Red Room
- 15.00 15.15 Coffee Break for All Committees
- 15.15 16.15 Closing Ceremony Auditorium
- 16.45 Buses leave Oval

ROOM ALLOCATIONS

Abbreviations: BA=Barton Hall, BO=Bowker Hall, MA=Martin Hall, MO=Morgan Hall

| General Assembly Plenary Session Opening & Closing Ceremonies | Huntington Hall, Auditorium |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Special Conference Plenary Session | MO Red Room |
| GA1 / Disarmament Committee | Debate: MA301, Lobbying: MA302 |
| GA2 / Social and Humanitarian Committee | Debate: MA303, Lobbying: MA304 |
| GA3 / Decolonization Committee | Debate: BA201, Lobbying: BA202 |
| GA4 / Environmental Committee | Debate: MA204, Lobbying: MA203 |
| GA5 / Legal Committee | Debate: BA001, Lobbying: BA002 |
| ECOSOC | Debate: BA003, Lobbying: BA004 |
| Special Conference 1 | Debate: MO Red Room, Lobbying: MO103 |
| Special Conference 2 | Debate: BA103, Lobbying: BA104 |
| Security Council | BO115 |
| Advisory Panel | BO101 |
| International Court of Justice | BO202 |
| MIDCOM | BA007 |
| Approval Panel | BA203 |
| Advisor Lounge | Martin Hall, Library |
| Workshop Room | Bowker Hall |
| Clothes Changing Rooms (Thursday & Sunday) | BO210 (girls) & BO205 (boys) |
| Press Room | Huntington Hall, AV Room, MO 204 |
| Coffee Rooms | Morgan Entrance, Lise Lounge, inside the Library (advisors), MA201, BA102 |

| EXEC Room | MO206 |
|------------|-------|
| Admin Room | MO205 |



CONFERENCE INFORMATION

Placards are the property of the participant. Participating schools are responsible for their own delegation placards and will need to pay an amount estimated to be 10€ for replacement. However, the exact price might be subject to change during the conference. At the end of the conference, neither the delegates nor the StOff members are allowed to keep the placards and take them home.

Badges are to be worn at all times. The replacement of lost/forgotten badges will cost an estimated 10€. Participants without a badge will not be admitted to the campus due to security precautions.

Cell Phones have to be silenced during committee sessions. Participants should refrain from text-messaging during sessions. Use of cell phones during sessions may result in confiscation of cell phones by Executive Committee members.

Internet Access is provided by TIMUN. The Executive Committee holds the right to disable internet access for users who are detected to be visiting inappropriate websites.

Laptops can be brought to TIMUN to facilitate merging. Computer facilities are also provided.

Scanning of all storage devices (flash drives, portable hard disks, etc.) for malicious content will be done before they can be used with the computer facilities on campus.

Note passing should only be done in English. Committee chairs and Executive Committee members can suspend note passing at any time. Notes are monitored by the Administrative Staff.

Delegation note papers are required to be brought by the delegates. Note papers will not be printed by TIMUN photocopy facilities.

Plagiarism will result in disciplinary action. All work is automatically checked for plagiarism; Preambulatory Clauses of a resolution are not an exception.

Smoking is not allowed on campus. For student participants, a copy of G2 Form signed both by your advisor and a TIMUN Director is required in order to exit the campus for smoking purposes only.

Consumption of alcoholic beverages or narcotic drugs on campus is strictly prohibited. If a participant is found conducting any of the aforementioned behavior on campus, their MUN director will be informed and the participant will be asked to leave the conference immediately.

Appropriate Clothing is an essential part of TIMUN. Male participants must wear a suit and tie at all times. They can remove their jackets but only when they are seated. Females must be dressed equally formally. Very short skirts and low-cut tops are not permitted. Casual footwear such as UGG boots or canvas sneakers are also not permitted. Military uniforms or traditional clothing are not acceptable.

Food from outside cannot be ordered to the campus. The security personnel will turn away any food delivery.

Bottled water will not be sold on campus. Participants are highly encouraged to bring their own water bottles in order to use the water dispenser at school.

The Executive Committee is always open to questions. In case of an emergency, please find an Admin Staff, Student Officer, TIMUN Director, or an Executive Committee member immediately.

Campus Cats should be treated with respect at all times, and should not be fed. They're an integral part of our campus community.

ONLY AMBASSADORS are allowed to visit other committees to check on their delegation members during sessions. They may do so with the consent of the chairboard of their committee & of the committee(s) they're visiting.

RULES OF PROCEDURE

1. Debate

- <u>Open debate:</u> It allows all delegates to take the floor to discuss anything related to the resolution without restriction.
- <u>Closed debate:</u> It is the division of the debate time to "in favor" and "against" time. The closed debate is permitted and required during the debate of amendments in GA, SPC, and ECOSOC.
- The Advisory Panel and Security Council debate using amendments and build the resolution on a clause-by-clause basis; this is called Ad- Hoc debate.

2. Parliamentary Language

While referring to the...

- Chair: "Most distinguished chair"
- <u>Delegate</u>: "Honorable delegate" (The use of he/she is discouraged during reference to other

delegates) or "You" (Only appropriate when it applies to the whole delegation)

- <u>Speaker</u>: "We" (Speakers should NEVER use "I" to refer to themselves)
- Always use the phrase, "Less Economically Developed Countries (LEDCs)" in the place of terms such as "poor" or "third world". In the place of the term "rich", use the phrase "More Economically Developed Countries (MEDCs)"

3. Rising to Points

a. Point of Personal Privilege

<u>Definition</u>: A point that is a personal request to change something (i.e. the temperature of the room, the speaker's voice cannot be heard) to the comfort of the delegate.

<u>Conditions</u>: It may ONLY interrupt the speaker if it concerns audibility. It does not require any "second"s.

b. Point of Order

<u>Definition</u>: It is a point that refers to *procedural matters only*. It is used if a chair makes an error in the order of debate or in the setting/observing of debate time.

<u>Conditions</u>: It may NOT interrupt a speaker. Often delegates are anxious to shout out "Point of Order" but the delegates are required to wait until the speaker is done and the floor is open for debate. This point is not open to debate and it refers to a matter that just happened. i.e. *"Is it in order for the delegate to yield the floor to another delegate since the floor was previously yielded to her by Costa Rica?"*

c. Point of Information to the Speaker

<u>Definition</u>: A question directed to the delegate who has the floor, and has indicated that he/she is open to points of information.

<u>Conditions</u>: The speaker asking the "Point of Information" may only speak if recognized by a chair. It must always be in a question format. Otherwise, it is considered out of order. Only one question per recognition may be directed to the speaker on the floor. Direct dialogue between the speaker and the questioner is not allowed. "Follow-ups" are NOT allowed in TIMUN.

The delegate who raised the point is to remain standing when the other delegate is replying to the point.

d. Point of Information to the Chair

<u>Definition</u>: A question directed to the chair about anything that is not covered by the other points. It is a way for delegates to clarify information regarding the topic being debated and to ask factual questions. It may also be a question about the schedule of the day, conference details, etc.

<u>Conditions</u>: It may NOT interrupt a speaker. If the question is a specific factual question, the chair may ask the House to allow him/her the time to look up the information. Usually, the expert chair who wrote the research report on the issue will provide the necessary information.

The delegate who raised the point is to remain standing when the chair is replying to the point.

e. Point of Parliamentary Inquiry

<u>Definition</u>: It is a question asked to the chair about the rules of procedure. Its objective is to get information. Its difference from "Point of Order" is that "Point of Order" aims to point out something that is out of order in the procedure whereas "Point of Parliamentary Inquiry" seeks clarification about a procedural matter the delegate does not understand.

<u>Conditions</u>: It may NOT interrupt a speaker. It is to be used as a straightforward question.

4. Procedural Motions

a. Motion to move the Previous Question: (Not to be used as "Motion to move directly into the

voting procedure")

Type: Constructive motion

<u>Definition</u>: Prompts the voting procedure upon the resolution at hand. Calls for the closure of the debate and a vote to be taken on the motion (resolution/amendment) are pending.

<u>Process of the Motion</u>: It requires a "second" by the House, and is quickly voted upon if an objection is voiced.

<u>Vote</u>: If an objection is voiced, the motion is overruled, and the debate proceeds.

b. Motion to Adjourn the Debate (also used as "Motion to table the resolution/amendment")

Type: Destructive motion

<u>Definition</u>: Calls for the temporary disposal of a resolution. It directly means suspending debate on a proposal. However, it has two specific meanings in that line.

<u>Process of the Motion</u>: Since this motion almost always serves a destructive purpose, the motion is *mostly overruled by the chair.* If the chair finds the motion necessary, the submitter of this motion to table a resolution will give a short speech on why the item should be adjourned. The forum will then put the motion to vote. If the motion fails, the debate will continue, if the forum passes the motion, the debate will come to an end but can be restarted again later on.

<u>Vote</u>: It needs a simple majority to be passed and for the proposal to be tabled. Tied results mean that the motion has failed.

c. Motion to Reconsider a Resolution

Type: Destructive motion

<u>Definition</u>: It is the motion to bring a resolution back to the attention of the house. It is done at the end of all other committee affairs and is used for tabled resolutions or failed resolutions.

Process of the Motion: It is not debated and is immediately voted upon.

Vote: It requires a 2/3 majority.

d. Motion to Refer the Resolution to Another Forum (e.g. Security Council)

Type: Destructive motion

<u>Definition</u>: A motion that sends the resolution to another committee, almost always the Security Council, to be debated and voted upon. This is done when the GA resolution, which has a mandate that is non-binding, uses binding powers only invested in the Security Council.

<u>Process of the Motion</u>: The chairs often overrule this motion due to the fact that The Security Council will not have the time to consider the particular resolution. Often when this motion is moved, there are attempts to circumvent this motion by amendments that reword the clause. However, if it is entertained, it needs a simple majority. Amendments to the charter will at no point be allowed.

e. Objection to the Main Motion

Type: Extremely destructive

<u>Definition</u>: It is a motion to object to the discussion of a specific agenda item within the context of the resolution. If the "Objection to the Main Motion" is adopted, the discussion of the resolution on the topic is ended, without any chance of being reconsidered.

<u>The proposer of the Motion</u>: A delegate whose sovereignty is threatened by this motion. Examples include Serbia during the discussion of Kosovo or China during the discussion of Taiwan/Tibet. <u>Process of the Motion</u>: It is almost always overruled by the chair. However, it is at the chair's discretion and can be entertained just for the sake of debate, considering that it is very difficult for this objection to pass. The proposer has one minute to explain the objection and the main submitter of the resolution has equal time to defend the agenda item and the resolution. <u>Vote</u>: It requires the supermajority of delegates (2/3 of the present in the house) supporting the objection to the main motion.

f. Motion to Extend Debate Time

Type: Constructive

<u>Definition</u>: A motion to call for more time for the discussion of the resolution or amendment. <u>Process of the Motion</u>: Not open to debate. A simple vote or more commonly, a ruling by the chair. <u>Vote</u>: It is up to the chair's discretion.

g. Motion to Divide the House

Type: Time consuming

Definition: It is voting by roll-call when the voting results are very close.

The division of the house is voting by roll call. Delegations are individually called on to state their vote. <u>Process of the Motion</u>: This motion is not open to debate and is at the discretion of the chair. If the chair rules on having the "division of the house", the chair takes the vote by calling on all delegations in alphabetical order. The delegates must reply as either *yes*, *no*, or *abstention*. It is very important to remember that as always in voting for resolutions, abstentions are completely in order.

5. Amendments

<u>STRIKE OUT</u>: The delegate may strike an entire clause or a part of the clause out. A delegate may not strike out multiple clauses or multiple sub-clauses.

<u>ADD:</u> The delegate may add an entirely new clause. The delegate may also choose to add a new sub-clause. Only adding one clause or subclause at a time is allowed.

<u>INSERT</u>: The delegate may choose to insert a new, continuous phrase into the clause or sub-clause. The delegate may not insert more than one segment into different parts of the clause or sub-clause. <u>CHANGE</u>: The delegate may replace a segment of the clause or subclause with different wording. The delegate is allowed to change the entire clause's wording but the new clause cannot detract significantly from its original topic. Changing an entire clause is not an opportunity for the delegate to hijack the clause to make it into his/her unrelated clause.

<u>Amendment to the first degree</u>: Amendments will only be entertained if the speaker having the floor moves the amendment. Chairs do NOT move an amendment, but always wait until the speaker moves the amendment. However, short speeches before the amendments are perfectly in order. <u>Amendment to the second degree</u>: It's basically an amendment to the amendment. Second-degree amendments can only be submitted in time against the amendment to the first degree, and debate on this amendment does not count as a time against the amendment of the first degree. The same procedure as for normal amendments is followed.

It is an amendment to change a specific part, insert an additional segment, or strike out a particular segment of the amendment of the first degree. It is not an opportunity to submit a completely new amendment to create a combination of amendments.

- Amendments are debated in a closed debate.
- If the Amendment to the Second Degree passes, the entire amendment passes.
- If the Amendment to the Second Degree fails, the debate resumes on the initial amendment.

Constructive amendments should be prioritized at all times. Amendments that strikeout clauses should be avoided unless they would contribute to the debate. Friendly amendments are **not allowed** in TIMUN. Please note that an Amendment to the Third and further Degree is out of order.

6. Voting

| VOTING ON AMENDMENTS AND RESOLUTIONS | VOTING ON PROCEDURAL MATTERS |
|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) and | Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) and |
| Non-Member Delegations (NMDs) are allowed to | Non-Member Delegations (NMDs) are allowed to |
| vote. | vote. |
| Delegates can vote FOR, AGAINST, or ABSTAIN to | Delegates can vote FOR or AGAINST. Abstentions are |
| an amendment and a resolution. | NOT in order. |

During voting procedures, all points and motions are out of order. (*An exception will be "Point of Order" if there is a procedural mistake regarding the voting procedure*). The same rules apply during the division of the house.

All votes will be counted by the admins and told to the StOff members at the end of the voting per sections "for", "against" and "abstaining".

a. <u>Yielding the floor</u>

The floor may be yielded by one delegation to another **only once consecutively**. Second-degree yielding is out of order. Both delegates can open themselves to points of information. In a *closed debate*, yielding is <u>not</u> allowed.

b. Funding

Funding may be discussed and included in TIMUN resolutions, but article no. 107 of Rules of Procedure clearly states: No resolution shall include either financial amounts or names of specific financial resources.

7. Preambulatory and Operative Phrases

| Preambulatory | Preambulatory | Operative | Operative |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Acknowledging | Recognizing | Strongly condemns* | Accepts |
| Expecting | Declaring | Condemns* | Encourages |
| Noting with appreciation | Having considered | Demands* | Recommends |
| Affirming | Referring | Congratulates | Affirms |
| Expressing its | Deeply concerned | Suggests | Endorses |
| appreciation | Having considered further | Confirms | Regrets |
| Noting with approval | Reminding | Hopes | Approves |
| Alarmed by | Seeking | Supports | Expresses its |
| Expressing its satisfaction | Deeply convinced | Invites | appreciation |
| Noting with deep concern | Having examined | Trusts | Requests |
| Approving | Taking into account | Deplores | Asks |
| Fulfilling | Deeply disturbed | Proclaims | Expresses its hope |

| Noting with regret Aware of Fully alarmed Noting with satisfaction Bearing in mind Fully believing Confident Further deploring Reaffirming Congratulating Recalling | Having heard Taking into consideration Deeply regretting Having received Taking note Having studied Viewing with appreciation Welcoming Emphasizing | Transmits Designates Proposes Urges | Resolves Authorizes Further invites Seeks Calls upon |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|

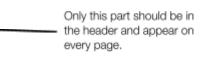
*Can only be used by the Security Council.

SAMPLE RESOLUTION

Forum: ECOSOC

Question of: The effects of the financial crisis on African economy

Submitted by: Kenya [Insert name of main-submitter] **Co-submitted by:** [Insert names of the co-submitters]



Recognizing the counter-productive effect of bailing out banking management which made poor corporate decisions in the past,

Recalling the past solution attempts of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) to protect the value of African currency accessing European markets,

 <u>Recommends</u> a state and corporate partnership project overseen by IMF that will delimit preferential access to foreign currency in the context of bail-outs which systematically draws down foreign currency reserves;

Semi-colons at the end of operative clauses.

- 2. <u>Decides</u> to allocate an emergency support fund specific for Sub-Saharan countries which will be formed by World Bank and IMF which will focus on relieving import service debt and covering private losses in the event of bankruptcy of a vital bank within the state;
- 3. <u>Requests</u> the establishment of a joint agenda to be drafted by the United Nations Task Force on the food crisis in full cooperation with FAO, WFP, UNDP and other relevant UN bodies, NGOs or IGOs which will advise the developing countries to:
 - a) create tax-cuts and reliefs for smallholder farmers
 - b) suspend any tax reliefs benefited by large, corporate farmers
 - c) conduct the necessary provisions to allow smallholder farmers to farm in adequate tracks of land
 - d) actively support the smallholder farmers through economical packages negotiated and designed by the afore-mentioned parties which will:
 - i. allow investment by external donors to the agricultural sector in the developing countries
 - ii. encourage the appropriate budgetary adjustments and policies on government spending to actively finance private, small-holder farmers

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- iii. provide the necessary funds to pursue crop genetic improvement technology, especially in the Sub-Saharan Africa and areas where crops are affected by pests and diseases
- e) target farming sector expenditure further by receiving updated reports through the High Level Task Force to provide innovative public services in response to specific crises
- f) actively support and facilitate the solutions mandated in this resolution;
- 4. <u>Expresses</u> its support for UNDP to lay the foundations of new trade unions and producer organizations or strengthening the existing ones to engage in active unilateral talks and summits for the design and the implementation of new trade policies, and decreasing the prices of goods purchased;
- 5. <u>Further expresses</u> its support for the trade unions and producer organizations which will collectively advocate for better wages and better prices for the products in the developing countries

Period at the end of the resolution.

STUDENT OFFICERS

Chairs During Lobbying

Often Student Officers think that the "Journey of a Resolution" depends on the Approval Panel. But most of the time, chairs are the backbone of this whole process. Their success makes the whole resolution submission process successful.

- I- <u>KNOW</u>: The chairs should always know:
 - a) The number of resolutions in the process of being submitted
 - b) The number of lobbying groups
 - c) The progress of each lobbying group
 - d) The progress of the submission process

*The Executive Committee will check up on this sort of information!

- II- <u>CHECK</u>: Before a resolution goes to the Approval Panel, you *must* check them regarding basic format, basic content and plagiarism. If a clause, in terms of language, doesn't make sense to you, it won't make sense to the Approval Panel. If a resolution is not appropriate in content or format, it cannot be sent back from the Approval Panel. Therefore, please ensure the resolutions are content-wise appropriate for debate before registering them to the RMS.
- III- <u>MEDIATE/FACILITATE</u>: The chair's job is to facilitate fair lobbying in the committee room. There are a number of ways to accomplish this:
 - a) If the lobbying is completely hijacked by one ambitious delegate who has a laptop writing everything with a number of silent delegates sitting around, *step in*. Ask the silent delegates questions.
 - b) In most of the lobbying groups, selecting the main-submitter takes up a lot of time. If you think too much time is being spent on this, definitely intervene.
 - c) Make sure all lobbyists are speaking in English rather than their native language.

AVOID being a chair who sits behind the desk, texts friends and is doing something else on the computer during lobbying. Chairs need to be involved and should be **ON TASK**.

Things to Remember

- The chair cannot overrule questions or points, such as a point of order. The chair can only overrule motions.
- Unless a delegate makes a very offensive remark which is out of line, the chair shouldn't ask a delegate to step down. An aggressive tone can be referred to after the delegate has stopped speaking by: "The Chair would like to urge the delegates to be more constructive and diplomatic".
- The student officer who is chairing should not be answering or receiving notes, for it causes the chair to make simple but distracting mistakes.
- Delegates sometimes use "Point of Order" or "Point of Information to the Chair" to make statements against a speech or a resolution. If this is the case in a committee, the chair should quickly go over the points and remind the house that such points are not to be abused.
- If a delegate asks a very difficult, factual question, admit to not knowing an answer. Say that a student officer will check the information and get back to the house as soon as possible.
- If there is a typo in a resolution, the chair should move an amendment to correct the typo. Then
 he/she should make a motion to move to the previous question without any debate and take a
 vote to correct the typo.
- When there's an extremely disruptive delegate, remind the delegate to come to order, send a note to the delegate and if it doesn't work, have a quick word with the delegate outside the committee. But unless required by the Executive Committee, *never* force a delegate to make public apologies.
- The most important lesson a good chair should learn is that admitting to mistakes is perfectly acceptable. Simply say "The chair stands corrected," explain the correct way to proceed and move on.

Cooperation Among Chairs

Chairs are not supposed to chair the debate at the same time. There are many different tasks of the student officer group. Make sure that you agree on all of the rules of procedure and all of the decisions are completely consistent. Work together and communicate with each other.

| Chair A | Chairs the debate and keeps track of who is speaking. This will be the person who wrote the research report on the subject. |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chair B | Prioritizes the amendments and maintains a "To Pick/Not to Pick" list. |
| Chair C | In charge of managing the computer and the projection technology as well as answering notes directed to the chair. |

Time Management

The ideal time for a resolution is 45-50 minutes. Don't go significantly below or above this time limit. The number of agenda items will be challenging for the committees. All lobbying must be completed on Friday. Never put the best resolutions at the very end of the day when commotion reaches the maximum level.

Useful chairing phrases when...

- The delegates starts talking among themselves: "Could the house please come to order?" or "Could the commotion in the house please come to an end?" or "Order in the house!" or "The debate will not resume until the house has come to order."
- A delegate starts using inappropriate language: "Could the delegate please refrain from using unparliamentary language?"
- A delegate needs to yield the floor: "In the interest of the debate, could the delegate please yield the floor to the chair?"
- A motion needs to be overruled: "Unfortunately, for the sake of debate, this motion is overruled/is out of order."

Final Reminders

- Maintain authority but do not be annoying. Never threaten or yell.
- Rules are to help and guide debate, not inhibit it. Know the rules very well and understand the appropriate amount of flexibility.
- Never rush. Speak clearly and articulate properly.
- Don't forget that admitting to mistakes is okay.
- Take your time during chairing. If you are <u>not</u> absolutely sure about the decision you are about to make, quickly consult your co-chair. It is fine to do that as long as the chair does not keep the house waiting for too long.
- Be energetic. The house will see that and be more enthusiastic if you demonstrate your motivation and energy.
- Interact with delegates. Always introduce yourself, talk to them and try to learn if you can help them in any way. Ask for constructive suggestions.
- Keep track of productive and disruptive delegates.

Resolution Management System (RMS)

RMS Login Information

Your usernames and passwords are visible under your committee file, in the "RMS Passwords for [committee]" spreadsheet.

Logging-In:

1. Retrieve your RMS username and password from your committee booklet like the following:

| | Ekin Kahraman | | user260 | PRscdmu8 |
|------------------|---------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Melek Azra Yaman | | user261 | yjcVJFW5 | |
| | GA1 | Can Erol | user262 | xkeByqxY |

2. Through the preferred search engine, go to https://rms.thimun.org/rms/entrance

| K RMS 4.1 - Login × + | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------|----|---|---|---|---|
| ← → C (a) rms.thimun.org/timun/entrance | 07 | G | * | 0 | * |
| RMS 4.1 Login | | | | | |
| Username: user4 Password: | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Submitting a New Resolution to the Approval Panel:

1. Click on the "New Resolution" button to submit a new resolution.

| Options: New resolution Approved resolution Checked resolutions Failed resolutions Printed resolutions Registered resolutions Selected resolutions Undebated resolutions | Welcome To RMS 4.3 To get started, please make your selection from the options on the left. If you have any suggestions or comments with respect to this new version of the Resolution nagement System, be sure to tell your IT coordinator. He/she will be happy to make sure that you valued imput reaches its destination. |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Resolution tracker New users New admin Full checkout Refresh cache Public portal Resolution editor Change login info Sign out | Click on "New Resolution" button to submit a new resolution. |
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2. This will take you to the following page through which you will be importing the resolution.



3. Then, you will need to import the resolution in **Microsoft Word** file type (other file types such as pdf or Pages will not be supported by the system). You can also type the resolution as shown in the figure.

| 'Register' Export to MS Word Export to PDF Import FORUM: Forum and subcommission QUESTION OF: Issue SUBMITTED BY: Main submitter CO-SUBMITTERS: List of co-submitters THE FORUM , Image: Imag | | | Register' a new reso |
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| QUESTION OF: Issue SUBMITTED BY: Main submitter List of co-submitters In Microsoft Word format (docx). THE FORUM , THE FORUM , You can also manually type the resolution, or you can use this space to | 'Register' Export to | MS Word Export to PDF | Import |
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| You can also manually type the resolution, or you can use this space to | | | |
| You can also manually type the resolution, or you can use this space to | THE FORUM | | , |
| | EEI | | |
| ^{1.} make necessary changes on the resolution before submitting. | | | |

 Before submitting the resolution, do not forget to fill in the sections of Forum, Question of, Submitted by, and Co-Submitters. You can check out the agenda items from TIMUN's website.

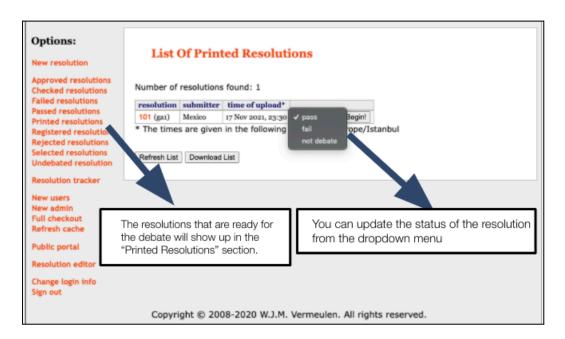
| 'Register | r' Export t | rt to MS Word Export to PDF Import | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| FORUM: | | Disarmament and International Security Committee (GA1) | | | | | |
| QUESTI | ON OF: | | | | | | |
| SUBMIT | TED BY: | Mexico | | | | | |
| CO-SUBMITTERS: | | | | | | | |
| DISARMAMENT AND INTERNATIONAL SECURI , | | | | | | | |
| E E Alarme | _ | bo not forget to fill in Forum, Question Submitted by, and Co-Submitters sec importing the resolution. | | | | | |
| | uests the estal will stress tha | stablishment of "Personal Data Pro | an Union | | | | |
| and will stress that: a) any processing data must be lawful and fair and it must be transparent to the subjects that their data is collected, used, consulted or otherwise processed and to w policy of data minimization, | | | | | | | |
| t | b) the types of data of the natural person that will be protected by the frame of the Protocol will be such as but not limited to biometric data, political opinions, healt orientation. | | | | | | |
| đ | d) incentives i. the ii. the | slication of "pseudonymization" or "anonymization" to personal data which aims to reduce the risks to the data su ves will be created to apply pseudonymization when processing personal data, while allowing general analysis as t the controller processing the personal data indicates the authorized people within the same controller in order to the controller has taken necessary technical and organizational measures to ensure that additional information fo the notion of genetic data being defined as private data relating to the inherited or acquired genetic characteristic | he collection of data will be dubbed as le clearly state third parties whom the pers or attributing the personal data to a specia | | | | |

5. Finally, to submit the resolution, click on the "Register" button in the upper left corner of the screen. You will, next, see a pop-up page stating a resolution number — check out the figure below. Take note of the resolution number and the main submitter of the resolution.

| \$6 trillion annually by | 2021, | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
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| Protocol" (PDPP) fo | New resolution created with number: 101 | | opean Union noting that the Prot |
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| niust be transparen | | Close | esseu and to what extent the perso |
| protected by the frame | sor me motor | ata, ponticar (| pinions, health and genetic inform |
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| | ersonal data, while allowing general analysis as the collection ed people within the same controller in order to clearly state | | |
| | heasures to ensure that additional information for attributing | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| U U | the inherited or acquired genetic characteristics of a natural | - | |
| r | June 10 characteristics of a hatara | 1 | |

Viewing the Printed Resolutions and Updating Their Status:

 Once you log in to view whether the resolution is ready to be debated, click on "Printed Resolutions" to see the list. The resolution number you noted earlier will show up along with the committee's name and the main submitter. You can update the status of the resolution from the dropdown menu. You can also refresh the "List of the Resolutions" from the button below.



2. Once you click on "Begin!" after updating the status, you can also view the status change from the upper left corner. You should click on that button in order to register the vote distribution for the resolution.

| | | lution 101 | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| 'Pass' Export to MS Word Export to PDF Import | | | | | | |
| FORUM: | Disarmament and International | Security Committee (GA1) | | | | |
| QUESTION OF: | call bating torture, extrajudicial | killings, and enforced disappearances | ٦ | | | |
| SUBMITTED BY: | Mexico | The option you have chosen from the dropdown menu will be visible on the | | | | |
| CO-SUBMITTERS: | USA, UK | upper left corner. Click on the button to register the vote on the resolution. | | | | |

Tips on using RMS:

- To go back from viewing the resolution to the main page, click on the "back to RMS" button in the top right corner.
- Feel free to refer to the aforementioned sample resolution or the correct format of the resolutions, some preambulatory and operative clause openings, and so on.

RMS Checklist

- "Forum", "Question of", "Submitted by" and "Co-submitter" sections should be appropriate to the resolution in question.
- The name of the committee should be written in the "THE FORUM" section, right above the resolution
- Any abbreviation used in the resolution should be written in its <u>full form</u> when it is written for the first time
- The phrase "Member State(s)" is written with <u>capitalized initial letters</u>, and it is usually "the Member State(s)"
- Preambulatory clause openings should be appropriate and be *italicized*
- There should be a <u>comma</u> put after each preambulatory clause
- Operative clauses should be numbered. The succession of numbered lists from the main clause to subclause to sub-sub clauses should be in the form; <u>1. a) i.</u>
- Operative sub-clauses and sub-sub-clauses must have no punctuation at all at the end.
- At the end of each clause, there should be a semicolon.
- Operative clause opening should be appropriate and be underlined
- A <u>colon</u> should be put when going from the "main parts" of the clause to the "sub-parts"
- NO COMMA is put at the end of sub or sub-sub clauses
- Each sub or sub-sub clause with the same "degree" and with the same "main part" should begin with the <u>same part of speech</u>
- A period is put only at the end of the whole resolution.

- Ensure that there is a line space between the end of one operative clause and the beginning of the next.
- NONE of the operative clause phrases can be used twice throughout a resolution. Rach can be used once. Advised to put "further" in front of the phrase if used twice.
 - Ex: Further encourages